Patent Claims

1. Substituted piperazine derivatives of general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{c} \\
 & \\
R_{d}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{c} \\
 & \\
R_{d}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{d} \\
R_{e}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{d} \\
R_{e}
\end{array}$$

wherein

n denotes the number 3, 4\or 5,

 R_a denotes a phenyl group substituted by the groups R_1 and R_2 , wherein

 R_1 denotes a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom, a C_{1-3} -alkyl group wherein the hydrogen atoms may be wholly or partially replaced by fluorine atoms, a hydroxy, C_{1-4} -alkoxy, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkoxy, carboxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, di-aminocarbonyl, nitro, amino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, di- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-amino, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkyl-amino, C_{1-3} -alkyl-carbonyl-amino, C_{1-3} -alkyl)-phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkyl-sulphonylamino or C_{1-3} -alkyl-sulphonylamino group and

 R_2 denotes a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom, a C_{1-3} -alkyl group or

 R_1 and R_2 together denote a methylenedioxy group

a heteroaryl group,

a monocyclic heteroaryl or phenyl group each of which is substituted by a phenyl or monocyclic heteroaryl group, while the abovementioned phenyl moieties may each be substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom and the abovementioned phenyl moieties and heteroaryl groups may each be substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group wherein the hydrogen atoms may be wholly or partially replaced by fluorine atoms, by a hydroxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, carboxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl or N,N-di- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-aminocarbonyl group,

 R_b denotes a hydrogen atom or a C_{1-3} -alkyl group,

R_c denotes a hydrogen atom,

a C_{1-10} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl or C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkyl group wherein the hydrogen atoms in each case may be wholly or partially replaced by fluorine atoms,

a phenyl, naphthyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atoms, by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group wherein the hydrogen atoms may be wholly or partially replaced by fluorine atoms, by a hydroxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, carboxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl or $N,N-di-(C_{1-3}-alkyl)$ -aminocarbonyl group, by a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group, while the methylene group in position 4 of a 6- or 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group may additionally be replaced by an oxygen or sulphur atom, by a sulphinyl, sulphonyl, imino or $N-(C_{1-3}-alkyl)$ -imino group, by a nitro, amino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonylamino, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylsulphonylamino group,

 R_d denotes a phenyl, naphthyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom, by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group wherein the hydrogen atoms may be wholly or partially replaced by fluorine atoms, by a hydroxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, carboxy, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl or N,N-di- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-aminocarbonyl group, by a 3-to 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group, while the methylene group in the 4 position of a 6- or 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group may additionally be replaced by an oxygen or sulphur atom, by a sulphinyl, sulphonyl, imino or N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-imino group, by a nitro, amino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, di- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-amino, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonylamino, N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)- C_{1-3} -alkylsulphonylamino or N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)- C_{1-3} -alkylsulphonylamino group, and

 $R_{\rm e}$ denotes a carboxy group, a C_{1-6} -alkoxycarbonyl or C_{3-7} -cycloalkoxycarbonyl group, wherein the carbon atom of the alkoxycarbonyl group linked to the oxygen atom is a primary or secondary carbon atom and wherein the alkyl or cycloalkyl moiety of both groups may be substituted from position 2 in relation to the oxygen atom by a C_{1-3} -alkoxy, amino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino or di- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-amino group, a phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl or heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl group,

while the abovementioned heteroaryl groups are 6-membered heteroaryl groups containing one, two or three nitrogen atoms, and 5-membered heteroaryl groups, containing an imino group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group, an oxygen or sulphur atom or an imino group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group and an oxygen or sulphur atom or one or two nitrogen atoms,

the isomers and the salts thereof.

2. Substituted piperazine derivatives of general formula I according to claim I, wherein

R_e is defined as in claim 1,

n denotes the number 3, 4 or 5,

 R_a denotes a phenyl group which is substituted by the groups R_1 and R_2 , while

 R_1 denotes a hydrogen, chlorine or bromine atom, a C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, benzyloxy, carboxy, C_{1-3} -alkyloxycarbonyl, nitro, amino, acetamino or methanesulphonylamino group and

 R_2 denotes a hydrogen, chlorine or bromine atom or a methyl group or

 R_1 and R_2 together denote a methylenedioxy group,

a biphenyl group which may be substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom, by a methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl group,

a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or thienyl group optionally substituted by a phenyl group or

a phenyl group substituted by a thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyridyl group or benzimidazolyl group,

R_b denotes a hydrogen atom,

 R_c denotes a C_{1-3} -alkyl or phenyl group and

 R_d denotes a phenyl group optionally substituted by a fluorine or chlorine atom or a methyl or methoxy group,

the isomers and the salts thereof.



3. Substituted piperazine derivatives of general formula I according to claim 1, wherein

 R_e is defined as in claim 1 or 2,

n denotes the number 3 or 4,

 R_{a} denotes a phenyl group which is substituted by the groups R_{1} and $R_{2},$ wherein

 R_1 denotes a hydrogen, chlorine or bromine atom, a C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy or benzyloxy group and

 \mathbb{R}_2 denotes a hydrogen, chlorine or bromine atom or a methyl group,

a biphenyl group which may be substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom, by a methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl group,

a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl or thienyl group optionally substituted by a phenyl group or

a phenyl group substituted by a thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyridyl or benzimidazolyl group,

R_b denotes a hydrogen atom,

 $R_{\rm c}$ denotes a $C_{\rm 1-3}\text{-alkyl}$ group and

 R_d denotes a phenyl group optionally substituted by a fluorine atom,

the isomers and the salts thereof.

4. The following substituted piperazine derivatives of general formula I according to claim 1:

- (a) methyl 2-ethyl-2-phenyl-5-[4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl] pentanoate,
- (b) methyl 5-(4-biphenyl-4-yl-piperazin-1-yl)-2-ethyl-2-phenyl-pentanoate and
- (c) methyl 5-(4-biphenyl-3-yl-piperazin-1-yl)-2-ethyl-2-phenyl-pentanoate,

the isomers and the salts thereof.

- 5. Physiologically acceptable salts of the compounds according to claims 1 to 4.
- 6. Medicaments, containing a compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 4 or a salt according to claim 5 optionally together with one or more inert carriers and/or diluents.
- 7. Use of a compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 4 or a salt according to claim 5 for the preparation of a medicament having a lowering effect on the plasma levels of atherogenic lipoproteins.
- 8. Process for preparing a medicament according to claim 6, characterised in that a compound according to at least one of claims 1 to 4 or a salt according to claim 5 is incorporated in one or more inert carriers and/or diluents by a non-chemical method.
- 9\ Process for preparing the compounds according to claims 1 to 5, characterised in that
- a. a compound of general formula

$$R_a$$
 $N-H$, (II)

wherein

 R_{a} and R_{b} are defined as in claims 1 to 4, is reacted with a compound of general formula

$$Z_1 - (CH_2)_n - C - R_d$$
 , (III)

wherein

n and R_c to R_e are defined as in claims 1 to 4 and Z_1 denotes a nucleofugic leaving group, or

b. to prepare a compound of general formula I wherein $R_{\rm e}$ has the meanings mentioned for $R_{\rm e}$ in claims 1 to 4 with the exception of the carboxy group, a compound of general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_c \\
\hline
N - (CH_2)_n - C - R_d \\
R_b & COOH
\end{array}$$
, (IV)

wherein

n and R_a to R_d are as defined in claims 1 to 4, or the reactive derivatives thereof, is esterified with an alcohol of general formula

$$H - R_e'$$
 , (V)

wherein

 R_e ' denotes a C_{1-6} -alkoxy or C_{3-7} -cycloalkoxy group wherein the alkyl or cycloalkyl moiety may in each case be substituted from the 2 position, relative to the oxygen atom, by a C_{1-3} -alkoxy, amino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino or di- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-amino group, a phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkoxy or heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkoxy group, while the heteroaryl moiety is as hereinbefore defined, or

a tert.butyl ester is prepared by reacting with 2,2-dimethylethene in the presence of an acid or

c. in order to prepare a compound of general formula I wherein $R_{\rm e}$ denotes a carboxy group, a compound of general formula

$$R_{a} = \begin{pmatrix} R_{c} \\ R_{d} \\ R_{b} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(CH_{2})_{n} - C - R_{d}$$

$$(VI)$$

wherein

n and R_a to R_d are as defined in claims 1 to 4 and R_e " denotes a group which can be converted into a carboxy group, is converted into a compound of general formula I wherein R_e denotes a carboxy group, and

subsequently, if desired, a compound of general formula I thus obtained which contains a nitro group is converted by reduction into a corresponding amino compound and/or

a protecting group used during the reactions to protect reactive groups is cleaved and/or

a compound of general formula I thus obtained is resolved into its stereoisomers and/or

a compound of general formula I thus obtained is converted into the salts thereof, particularly for pharmaceutical use

into the physiologically acceptable salts with an inorganic or organic acid or base.

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